

ARCTIC TRAVELLERS ARE VERY HOPEFUL.

Captain Hougaard, of the
Nordens Kjoeld Expedition,
Has Faith in Nansen.

The Eminent Arctic Authority
Believes the Details of the
Irkutsk Report.

Kaiser Wilhelm Receives a Discour-
aging Reply to a Dispatch to
Mrs. Nansen.

DR. FREDERICK A. COOK'S THEORY.

The Surgeon of the First Peary Expedition
Surmises That the News Passed
Across Siberia from Post to Post,
and That the Explorer is Alive.

London, Feb. 14.—Dispatches from St. Petersburg and Stockholm show that the Russian and Swedish governments have taken active measures to ascertain the truth of the report that Dr. Nansen has discovered the North Pole, and is now on his way home.

By Henry W. Fischer.
Berlin, Feb. 14.—Captain William Hougaard, who was a member of the famous Nordenskjöld expedition, a countryman of Dr. Nansen, and an eminent Arctic authority, granted me a prolonged interview to-day.

The captain proved the most enthusiastic defender of the report of Nansen's success I have yet met among the geographers and scientists here. He said that he had all along expected to receive news from the great Norwegian explorer in the very manner and from the very source it came. He had pool-poled the Fjager rumor and ridiculed the recent carrier pigeon canard, but the advices from Irkutsk seemed to him most plausible.

He gave it as his opinion that Dr. Nansen and his Fram were seen on the extreme northern point of Siberia and the news took several weeks to getting across the Siberian plains, that the expedition was undoubtedly a success, and that after the breaking up of the Arctic ice the Fram will soon reach Christiania.

Captain Hougaard expressed the sanguine hope that his friends on the Fram have rendered invaluable services to his country and to science.

The Kaiser wired to-day to Mrs. Nansen for information of certain details of her husband's plans, and also of her and her friends' opinions as to the trustworthiness of the Irkutsk report.

The reply was discouraging. Neither Mrs. Nansen nor any of her friends seem to place any reliance on the story.

NOW CROSSING SIBERIA.

Dr. Cook Has Faith That the Explorer Has
Found the Pole and Is Re-
turning in Safety.

Persons in this city interested in geographical explorations have been much impressed with the report that Dr. Nansen had succeeded in finding the North Pole.

Since the intrepid Norwegian explorer steamed out of the harbor of Christiania on his little 500-tonner, Fram, June 24, 1893, prepared for a five-years' journey, many reports have been printed, which turned out to be untrue. The last letter received from Nansen was written on August 2, 1895. He was then at the south end of Nova Zembla. In that letter he wrote of certain provisions that had been made for him.

The last authentic news from the explorer was in the third week of the same month, when he was reported as having pushed through Yagor Strait into the Kara Sea.

When Dr. Nansen first made known his theory as to reaching the pole, not an Arctic authority in England or America endorsed his plan for exploring the polar basin. Notwithstanding this fact, his enthusiasm and sublime faith in himself were irresistible. After a lecture delivered by him shortly before he started, he made many converts. His theories appealed to his hearers, and many doubting ones changed their minds after hearing him.

HAD FAITH IN DE LONG.
Dr. Nansen thought that the Jeannette expedition was the only one that hit upon the correct theory to gain the object in view. Shortly before he started the explorer said: "The Jeannette drifted for two years in the ice from Wrangel Land to the New Siberian Islands. Three years after the ship had gone down, the remains of these three years were found in the ice. The drift ice near Julianashan, which, from unquestionable marks, must have belonged to the sunken vessel and been frozen in the ice."

Among these were a list of the shores, with Commander De Long's own signature; a list of the Jeannette's boats and various articles of wearing apparel belonging to men who were saved, which they left behind them when they took to their boats.

It was argued from this that an unknown current had borne them across the Arctic Ocean, from Bering Straits to Greenland; that there was a comparatively short drift from the Arctic Ocean by way of the North Pole; and that nature had supplied the means of communication, however uncertain it might be.

When the cable brought the report to this country that this man had succeeded in reaching the pole, had found a land there and is now returning toward civilization, then began discussions as to its authenticity.

DR. COOK IS SANGUINE.
Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of No. 15 Hart street, Brooklyn, who went out as surgeon in the first Peary expedition, in 1891, was asked his opinion.

He said: "This report seems to me to be the most reliable of any I have heard of, without foundation, so far received. From time to time we have had several reports, but thus far there is very good reason to believe that the reports were groundless. But here is news from Northern Siberia, from where Nansen expected to attack the Northern drift. If this report is correct I believe his vessel is probably lost and he and his party are making a retreat across Siberia in much the same manner as the survivors of the De Long party did. The reason I think he has lost his vessel is because, if he had not, he would be making his way along the north coast of Asia, east or west, homeward, and furthermore

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Ivory Soap is always in sight and is not wasting at the bottom of the tub.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CINTI.

he would not come back that way because he intended to cross the pole, and Nansen is a man of very determined spirit. "That he has reached the pole is, of course, an open question, and will continue to be until we get definite news from him. It is plausible to think that the report published on Thursday is of news received at the extreme north station, and has been passed along from station to station, until it reached Kouchneroff, the Siberian trader, and was taken to Irkutsk, from where it was telegraphed. Above this point there is no telegraph line, and all communication is carried on through couriers. At this season of the year there is considerable travelling between the stations, and it appears to me that this latest report is more likely to be authentic than any yet received."

NANSEN WELL EQUIPPED.
"Irkutsk is near the Lena Delta, and about one thousand miles in an air line from where the North Pole is supposed to be. I have great confidence in Nansen, and have always believed that he is the best equipped, mentally and physically, that has ever undertaken to find the pole."

"It is feasible that this latest piece of news has come through in the last month, and I think we should hear some definite news from him within the next two months. If he is making his way down the Lena Delta, and that is slow work."

"It is hardly possible that he might send couriers ahead, but I scarcely think that will be the case."

George C. Thornbush, Librarian of the American Geographical Society, doubted the authenticity of the St. Petersburg dispatch.

HURLBUT IN DOUBT.
"I cannot understand," he said, "how any word would be received from Dr. Nansen at this time of the year. That part of Siberia from which the information is supposed to have come is at this time undisturbedly frozen up. Then there have been so many reports purporting to have come from the explorer, which have proved groundless, that we are inclined to distrust in this matter, are slow to place much credence in them, unless they are backed up with more facts."

"The information contained in the St. Petersburg dispatch is vague in every respect. I will have to see more substantial proof of it before I can believe it. I have always been sceptical of the plan adopted by Dr. Nansen to reach the North Pole."

"His theory is based on the fact that the drift of the Jeannette was generally in the direction of the pole, and that pieces of the driftwood were found on the east and west coast of Greenland and along the east coast of Siberia, and Grinnell Land, which, from their appearance and character, seemed to indicate that they had drifted from the Siberian coast. He, therefore, advanced the supposition that pieces of the driftwood had been found in the same place they had drifted across the pole, down the east coast of Greenland, across Baffin Bay, and up into Baffin Bay and Smith's Sound."

"One important factor—the baffling and uncertain nature of the current flow—seems to have been disregarded and taken for granted. If anything is heard from him, I believe it will be more likely in Summer, and I don't think anything definite is brought from him before 1897."

PEARY IS A DOUBTER.

The American Explorer Does Not Think
That Dr. Nansen Has Reached
the North Pole.

Lieutenant R. E. Peary, U. S. N., the Arctic explorer, is dubious concerning the reports that Dr. Nansen has reached the North Pole, found land and is now on his way back to civilization. There is, on the contrary, he says, a strong probability that he was not near the much sought pole.

Lieutenant Peary delivered an illustrated lecture last night before the New York Commercial Society at the Lexington Assembly Rooms, Terrace Garden. The lecture consisted of a prelude devoted to general features of Arctic life and travel, made all the more attractive by many illustrations, and an account of the journey last Spring from Whangtse Sound to Independence Bay, at the northern extremity of Greenland, a distance of 530 miles, which Lieutenant Peary, Mr. Lee and the faithful colored man, Matt Henson, made for the most part alone.

Lieutenant Peary at the beginning of his lecture spoke of the reports regarding the journeys and discoveries of Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer.

"In the first place," said Lieutenant Peary, "this is not the season in which it is most probable that tidings would be heard of Dr. Nansen. The sun rose to-day for the first time in three months. That fact, coupled to the meagre report and its coming from practically the same point from which Dr. Nansen started, leaves me very doubtful of the truth of the report. In all probability he is fast in the ice now, as there is nothing but ice between him and the pole. Most of the drifting of a ship is accomplished during the summer months."

"Now the great sea of ice is closing in, and forward, and not making in the direction desired by Dr. Nansen and planned by him before he started. That was a northern route, certainly, and then, southerly, and then southerly, to carry him across the pole."

"If Dr. Nansen and his ship have drifted across the pole he is indeed most fortunate. Nansen and his party will no doubt be able to return to civilization safely, but I feel convinced his ship will never be brought back."

When Lieutenant Peary was asked about the reported discovery of land at the North Pole he said:

"That is not at all strange. There may be land there just as well as 250 miles north, or there may be a sea there, just as there is to the south; but if there is a sea there it is not an open sea, but a sea very full of ice."

"If Dr. Nansen gets in the current he is seeking to aid him in his journey across the pole, the first place he will be heard of will be from one of the numerous posts along the eastern coast of Greenland, Cape Dan, for instance. No, I do not think that Dr. Nansen has as yet gone very near to the North Pole."

MUCH AD ABOUT PRINCE BORIS

Big Celebrations on the Occasion of His Conversion, and a \$100,000 Present.

Sofia, Feb. 14.—To-day was observed as a holiday in this and other cities and towns of Bulgaria in celebration of the conversion of Prince Boris, the infant son of Prince Ferdinand, to the Orthodox faith. Mounsignor Joseph, the Exarch of the Orthodox Bulgarians, came from Constantinople to take part in the celebration, and was received with the utmost cordiality upon his arrival.

The Sobranje has voted to deposit the sum of \$100,000 in the National Bank as a present to Prince Boris.

It is the intention of Princess Marie Louise, mother of Prince Boris, to make a visit to the south of France, and to take Prince Boris with her. They will probably not return to Sofia until April.

No couch remedy can do more than Uber's. Bucken and Honey; try it. Sold every-where.

NEW TESTS OF THE CONSUMPTION CURE.

Two Convicts in Auburn State
Prison Are Under Treat-
ment.

Both Patients Are Prostrate Under
an Advanced Condition
of Phthisis.

HIGH HOPES FOR THEIR RECOVERY.

It Is Reported That Several Auburn Physi-
cians Are Using the Edson Remedy
Quite Generally in Their
Private Practice.

Auburn, N. Y., Feb. 14.—The Edson cure for consumption is being experimented with the State Prison on some of the convicts. A large percentage of the deaths of convicts is due to phthisis, and the practical demonstration of the worth of Dr. Edson's discovery would be a boon indeed. Prison Physician Sawyer early became interested in the work of Dr. Edson and determined to try his remedy when opportunity presented itself.

Wednesday afternoon the remedy was tried for the first time. The first patient upon whom it was tried was C. Henry Johnson, a negro, whose emaciated form and labored breathing told plainly that consumption had a firm hold upon him. Johnson was confined in New York in October, 1893, of burglary, and was sentenced to three years and two months' imprisonment in Sing Sing Prison. He was received at that institution November 1, 1893, and remained there seventeen days, being transferred then to Auburn. He was first put at work in the collar shop, and while there contracted a severe cold. Hemorrhages followed about a year ago and so severe were they that it seemed impossible that Johnson could rally. But he did and has withstood no less than twenty-five of them.

After his first discharge from the hospital a year ago he went to work in the novelty shop, and after a while was employed in the State shop, where, he says, the heavy work of digging and lifting has been a severe strain upon him. At times Johnson's health gradually failed, and Tuesday he was admitted to the hospital. Dr. Sawyer told him of the discovery of Dr. Edson and said that it had been proved beneficial in many cases in which it had been tried.

JOHNSON UNDER TREATMENT.

Johnson knew that his life was nearing the end, and expressed his wish to submit to any treatment which might possibly result in good to him, and he consented to be treated with aseptol by Drs. Thomas C. Sawyer and S. E. Austin. Both of Johnson's lungs are affected. There are cavities in both, and dulness in the left side is very marked. He endeavored to appear cheerful when the physician entered Ward No. 2 of the prison hospital. An attempt to sit up caused him pain, and he assumed a reclining position. He was again covered up, and Dr. Thomas Sawyer asked him:

"Do you feel better?"

"I can't tell what the results will be," answered Johnson with a smile. "How long will it take it to work?"

Physician Sawyer answered that the effect would be noticed in a very short time, and told Johnson that a man in Philadelphia who has been similarly treated had shown a gain of almost twenty pounds in three weeks. The prisoner's face lighted up as he received this information, and he added with a laugh that he would be covered up again. Johnson was again covered up, and Dr. Thomas Sawyer asked him:

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THE YOUNG LADIES' JOURNAL.

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but repeated letters to his relatives brought no replies, and he will have to end his days in the prison hospital if Dr. Edson's remedy does not prove availing. The injection is not all there is of the treatment. The patient daily is made to inhale the fumes from a preparation of three parts of pure phenol, which is carbolic acid, and eighty-seven parts of water.

"There is no doubt that Johnson's case is a fair test of the remedy," said Prison Physician Sawyer. "We will give the case the very best of attention. Johnson will have an approved diet, as will Kelly, and their cases will be closely watched. We hope for the best, and will do all in our power to give the remedy as thorough a trial as it has had anywhere."

Several Auburn physicians are using the remedy in their private practice, but out of courtesy to their patients they refrain from making public the result of their work.

ROW OVER APPOINTMENTS

Court to Decide Whether Doctors' Soci-
eties or the Civil Service Board
Will Fill Certain Places.

Justice Andrews took up in the Supreme Court yesterday a question of importance to the medical profession. It was as to whether or not it is lawful for the Commissioners of Public Charities to authorize the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the University Medical College, the Bellevue Hospital Medical College and the Fourth Division of Bellevue Hospital to select a fourth of the consulting physicians and surgeons for the various hospitals under the Commissioners' care.

Frederic R. Sturges started the discussion with his application for a mandamus compelling the Commissioners to notify the Civil Service Board that such positions in some of the city hospitals are vacant, to appoint properly qualified persons to fill the vacancies or to rescind last October's resolutions empowering the above colleges to make the nominations. He also asked the court to order the Commissioners to choose appointees indiscriminately from the ranks of the entire metropolitan profession. Both the County Medical Society and the County Medical Association have denounced this plan of appointment as injudicious and unjust to thousands of New York physicians who are unable to obtain appointments.

In behalf of many well-known medical men, Lawyer William B. Horabower argued against the Commissioners' delegation of such arbitrary power to the four colleges. All of the physicians suddenly dismissed by the Commissioners in November, he said, were quite as competent as their successors. Appointments should be made with regard to merit, he urged. He said further:

"If we should have Tammany Hall and the Republican County Committee nominate these men we would see the monstrosity of this proposition."

LONDON DAILIES AWAKE.

And Arise from Long Slumbers to Give
Their Readers Excellent Illustrations
by Famous Artists.

By Julian Ralph.
London, Feb. 14.—Pictures are beginning to appear in the London dailies more and more frequently after the excellent work of famous artists.

In Friday's Daily News appears the third of a series of five of Harry Furness's sketches from the gallery in Parliament. Friday's Chronicle has two large pictures showing scenes illustrating the Jameson incident in the Transvaal.

The Westminster Gazette to-night has seven illustrations of the Nansen expedition.

POET VS. PUBLISHERS.

Buchanan Calls Them Barnacles at the Bot-
tom of the Ship of Literature, Which
Criticize Cargo in the Hold.

By Julian Ralph.
London, Feb. 14.—Robert Buchanan's latest poem will be published in a few days with the author's name as publisher on the title page. Buchanan will at the same time publish a pamphlet explaining why he has become his own publisher, declaring that hereafter he will issue all his works direct to the bookshelves. He argues that the ordinary publisher is "a barnacle at the bottom of the ship of literature which yet presumes to criticise the quality of the cargo in the hold."



On the bargain tables at our
Prince St. store are a number of
men's and youths' suits of medium
weight, such as might be worn
through the spring months.

Youths' sacks and cutaways \$10;
men's \$12.50—silk lined \$16.
Some of all sizes.

STORES CLOSE AT SIX O'CLOCK.

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Subscriptions received for any Periodical, Foreign or Domestic.

Lord & Taylor, Grand Street Store.

Special Handkerchief Sale.

Ladies' Printed and Hemstitched, (worth 6c.) 3c.
Ladies' Embroidered and Cut Linen (worth 12 1-2c.) 6c.
Ladies' Embroidered;
and Hemstitched and Embroidered; (worth 15c.) 7 1-2c.
Ladies' Embroidered and All Linen (worth 10c.) 10c.
Gents' Printed and All White Hemstitched, Fine Cambric;
(worth 10c. and 15c.) 6c. and 7 1-2c.
Gents' All Pure Linen Hemstitched (worth 15c.) 10c.
Gents' All Pure Linen, extra large and fine;
(worth 50c. and 75c.) 25c.

Special Opening and Bargain Sale of
New Embroideries;
In Hamburg, Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss; and the new Ba-
tiste and Grass Linen Effects.
Colored Cambric Edges (worth 6c.) 2c.
Cambric and Swiss Edges;
5c.; 7 1-2c.; 9c.; 10c.; 12 1-2c.; 15c., and 18c. (worth double.)
Fine Cambric and Swiss Flouncings;
10 and 12 inches wide; (worth 40c.) 25c.

Bargains in Shoes.

Ladies' \$4.00 Shoes; Fine Dongola Kid, in opera toe, and common sense style; broken sizes; Now \$1.00.
Ladies' \$5.00 Shoes; Patent Leather; with cloth top, and patent leather tip; also crown kid; plain opera toe; broken sizes; Now \$1.50.
Ladies' \$3.50 Shoes; Imperial Kid; plain and cloth tops; opera and square toe; patent leather tips; sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2; widths A to EE; Now \$1.69.
Ladies' \$5.50 Shoes; Same as above; sizes 4 to 7; \$1.98.
Ladies' \$4.75 Shoes; Patent Leather; kid top; plain; Vienna kid; opera and square toe; patent leather tip, common sense; broken sizes; Now \$1.98.
Ladies' \$3.98 Shoes; Box Calf; opera toe; kid tip; patent leather kid top & patent leather tip; broken sizes; Now \$2.50.
Ladies' \$4.87 Shoes; Viol Kid; patent leather back foxing; patent leather tips; welts; sizes 2 1-2 to 6; widths B to E; Now \$2.69.
Patent leather; cloth top; pick toe; patent leather tip, 2 styles of foxing; XX kid; opera, pick, and razor toe; patent leather tips; welts; broken sizes; Now \$3.00.
Ladies' 60c. Storm Rubbers, 42c.; Ladies' 39c. Low Rubbers, 21c.; Ladies' 39c. Overgaiters, 15c.

Winter Jackets.

In Astrakhan, Boucle and Kersey; all-lined and half-lined with plain and fancy Silks; too many left, and we propose to clear them all out on Saturday, at

\$1.98; \$3.98 & \$5.98.
Reefer Suits;
All Silk lined; some half lined; formerly \$10 to \$20; will be offered Sat-
urday at the uniform price of \$4.98.

Figured Brilliantine Skirts;

\$1.49 & \$1.98;
(sold before for \$2.98).
Storm Serge Skirts; Latest Style;
\$2.98;
(former price \$3.50).
Mushin Underwear and Corsets;

Gowns;
Chemises;
Drawers;
Corset Covers;
25c.;
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Corsets;
R & G. (Vigilant)....49c.
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Kabo Corsets.

We have engaged from the Chicago Corset Co., one of
their most expert fitters, who will take pains to explain the
merits of these Corsets; and give her best attention to ladies
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Sterling Silver and Roll Plate Rings....(worth 50c. & 75c.) 10c.;
Jet Points and Shangle Trimmings....(worth 25c. & 50c.) 10c. yd.;
Pearl Buttons; Sizes, 16 to 24; card of 2 doz.....10c.
Toilet Soap; Finely Perfumed; Box of 3 cakes.(worth 25c.) 10c.
No. 40 Dresden and Persian Ribbons.....(worth 35c.) 17c. yd.;

Boys' Sailor Suits; (Advance Sale); 75c.
(\$1.00 and \$1.25 kinds).

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Kid; Suede, and Pique Gloves;
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Four Special Bargains.

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Ladies' Kid Gloves;
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Buttons; also, Mises' 4 buttons, in medium and
dark brown; formerly \$1.00 a pair.

Ladies' 4 Button Kid;
in white, pearl and Champagne; with heavy black
embroidery; Splendid value.

Ladies' 8 Button Length Suede Mousquetaires;
in Tans, Fawns and Champagne; with black em-
broidery. HALF PRICE!

Men's Fine Quality Kid Piques;
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TO MAKE LIFE IMPOSSIBLE.

General Weyler's Decrees for Extending
Military Jurisdiction in Cuba.

Madrid, Feb. 14.—The correspondent of
the Imparcial telegraphs from Havana that
General Weyler will shortly publish two

strongly framed decrees extending mili-
tary jurisdiction to the mere knowledge of
certain offences and delegating judicial
functions to military officers.

The correspondent expresses belief that
as soon as life becomes impossible to them
in the country districts the neutrals and
cowards will be guarded in the towns.

AMUSEMENTS.

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THEATRE. Mat. To-day.
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